

BS ISO 22059:2020



BSI Standards Publication

Guidelines on consumer warranties/guarantees

National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of [ISO 22059:2020](#).

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee SVS/0, Customer service - Fundamental principles.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

© The British Standards Institution 2020
Published by BSI Standards Limited 2020

ISBN 978 0 580 97924 8

ICS 03.080.30

Compliance with a British Standard cannot confer immunity from legal obligations.

This British Standard was published under the authority of the Standards Policy and Strategy Committee on 29 February 2020.

Amendments/corrigenda issued since publication

Date	Text affected
------	---------------

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO
22059

First edition
2020-01-31

Guidelines on consumer warranties/guarantees

*Lignes directrices concernant les droits et garanties aux
consommateurs*



Reference number
ISO 22059:2020(E)

© ISO 2020



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2020, Published in Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
Ch. de Blandonnet 8 • CP 401
CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva, Switzerland
Tel. +41 22 749 01 11
Fax +41 22 749 09 47
copyright@iso.org
www.iso.org

Contents

Page

Foreword	iv
Introduction	v
1 Scope	1
2 Normative references	1
3 Terms and definitions	1
4 Purpose and principles	3
5 General requirements	3
5.1 Status of warranty/guarantee.....	3
5.1.1 Pre-condition for registration.....	3
5.1.2 Registration of warranty/guarantee.....	4
5.1.3 Infringement of statutory rights.....	4
5.1.4 Transferability of warranty/guarantee.....	4
5.2 Terms of warranty/guarantee.....	4
5.2.1 Language.....	4
5.2.2 Disclosure.....	4
5.2.3 Explanation of warranty/guarantee.....	4
5.2.4 Warranty/guarantee document.....	4
5.2.5 Claims/complaints.....	4
5.3 Duration of warranty/guarantee.....	4
5.3.1 Perishable product.....	4
5.3.2 Non-perishable product.....	5
5.4 Breach of warranty/guarantee.....	5
5.4.1 Details of breach.....	5
5.4.2 Process to resolve the breach.....	5
5.4.3 Recurrent defects.....	5
5.5 Exclusion of warranty/guarantee.....	5
5.5.1 Exclusion/limitation of liability.....	5
5.5.2 Unfair terms.....	5
6 Categories of warranties/guarantees	5
6.1 General.....	5
6.2 Warranty/guarantee as to title/legal rights.....	5
6.3 Warranty/guarantee as to quality.....	5
6.4 Warranty/guarantee as to fitness for particular purpose.....	5
6.5 Warranty/guarantee that products comply with description.....	6
6.6 Warranty/guarantee that products comply with sample.....	6
6.7 Warranty/guarantee as to repairs and spare parts.....	6
6.8 Warranty/guarantee as to inspection.....	6
6.9 Express warranty/guarantee.....	6
7 General requirements	7
7.1 Right of redress against suppliers.....	7
7.1.1 General.....	7
7.1.2 Failures that can be repaired.....	7
7.1.3 Failures that cannot be repaired.....	7
7.2 Right of redress against manufacturers.....	8
7.2.1 General.....	8
7.2.2 Implied warranties/guarantees.....	8
7.2.3 Express warranties/guarantees.....	8
7.3 Manufacturers' and suppliers' redress policy.....	8
Annex A (informative) Flowcharts of right of redress	9
Bibliography	11

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Project Committee ISO/PC 303, *Guidelines on consumer warranties and guarantees*.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

The rapid globalization of production and the shift in manufacturing and distribution systems has created a new need for consumer protection. The internet and mobile telephones have revolutionized the way the business is conducted. The increased usage of the internet has had a great impact on developed and developing countries. Nearly all countries are experiencing a high demand of e-commerce activities. This new phenomenon has led to the disparity of knowledge between traders and consumers. The advancement of technology has placed at the disposal of consumers a range of complex and sophisticated products, consumable and non-consumable. To protect consumers against faulty products requires the design of new measures.

Rapid expansion of developing economies has led to the inclusion of millions of new consumers in the global market. While this is of great benefit to the standard of living of those consumers, the levels of protection they receive from consumers' law and good business practices is much lower than that received by consumers in the developed world.

The economic importance of product warranties/guarantees is to provide protection against unsatisfactory performance of products. They state that products meet a level of quality and performance that would be reasonable to expect, given their price and description. Traditionally, warranties and guarantees provide less than full insurance by manufacturers and/or suppliers against faulty products and this serves as risk-sharing between consumers, manufacturers and/or suppliers.

Manufacturers, for example, give warranties/guarantees to suppliers, who, in turn, give the same warranties/guarantees to consumers. In this way, all parties connected with the supply of a product are given protection. In addition, manufacturers and/or suppliers often give express warranties/guarantees directly to consumers as an incentive to buy their products. Warranties/guarantees help to improve the quality of products and can be used as a competitive tool in the marketplace.

Warranties/guarantees state exactly what is covered and what is not covered, the time frame of coverage and what manufacturers and/or suppliers expect of consumers. In addition, warranties/guarantees state the remedies offered by the manufacturer and/or supplier to consumers in the event of product failure.

This document can play a significant part in assisting manufacturers and suppliers in understanding their responsibilities towards consumers while, at the same time, equipping consumers with the sense of their rights to safe, durable and well-performing products. This document is intended to enhance and promote confidence in the products supplied by the manufacturer and supplier.

Guidelines on consumer warranties/guarantees

1 Scope

This document specifies the form and content of warranties/guarantees that a manufacturer and/or supplier can use to address reasonable expectations of products by consumers.

This document is applicable to transactions between businesses and consumers of new and used products, including online transactions. This document is also applicable to products associated with services to complete a transaction (such as, buying clothes that need alteration).

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>

3.1

business

undertaking carried out for profit in the course of which products are acquired or supplied whether at a price or otherwise

3.2

consumer

individual member of the general public purchasing or using property, products or services for private purposes

[SOURCE: ISO 26000:2010, 2.2]

3.3

consumer product

product (3.8), including *digital content* (3.4), designed and produced primarily for, but not limited to, personal use, including its components, parts, accessories, instructions, packaging and labelling

[SOURCE: ISO 10377:2013, 2.2, modified – addition of 'including digital content'.]

3.4

digital content

data which are produced and supplied to a consumer in digital form

3.5

exclusion

limitation of liability

terms in a *warranty/guarantee* (3.15) by which a *manufacturer* (3.6) or *supplier* (3.13) seeks to exclude or limit all or some of their liabilities

3.17

extended warranty **extended guarantee**

prolonged *warranty/guarantee* (3.15) offered by the *manufacturer* (3.6) or *supplier* (3.13) to the *consumer* (3.2) in addition to the standard warranty period

3.18

implied warranty **implied guarantee**

warranty/guarantee (3.15) not explicitly stated but implied by the contract or stipulated by legislation

3.19

statutory warranty **statutory guarantee** **mandatory warranty** **mandatory guarantee**

obligatory *warranty/guarantee* (3.15) specified in legislation

3.20

vulnerable consumer

consumer (3.2) who could be at greater risk of harm from *products* (3.8) due to their age, level of literacy, physical condition or limitations, or inability to access product safety information

[SOURCE: ISO 10377:2013, 2.3]

4 Purpose and principles

Businesses are responsible for the safety, durability and performance of their products, whilst complying with applicable laws and adhering to international norms of behaviour. The purpose of this document is to help manufacturers and/or suppliers to develop, implement and improve product warranties/guarantees. Warranties/guarantees should protect the consumer from product defects.

Manufacturers and/or suppliers should demonstrate their commitment to consumer warranties/guarantees by adhering to the principles set out in this document. These principles include the following:

- a) developing, implementing and maintaining appropriate consumer product standards to ensure consumer protection in relation to product safety, performance and durability;
- b) making a commitment to the prompt and effective implementation of remedies when a consumer product fails to conform to the expected safety, performance and durability;
- c) promoting a product quality culture among manufacturers and/or suppliers by establishing manufacturing standards that support the terms in the warranties/guarantees; and
- d) establishing processes to maintain compliance with all applicable laws, regulations and standards, such as those defined in [ISO 10002](#).

5 General requirements

5.1 Status of warranty/guarantee

5.1.1 Pre-condition for registration

A warranty/guarantee shall not require the consumer to pay a fee (as opposed to an extended warranty/guarantee where registration and fees may be applicable). However, it shall indicate what evidence is needed (e.g. invoice, receipt) as proof of ownership and date of purchase in the event of a claim.

3.17

extended warranty
extended guarantee

prolonged *warranty/guarantee* (3.15) offered by the *manufacturer* (3.6) or *supplier* (3.13) to the *consumer* (3.2) in addition to the standard warranty period

3.18

implied warranty
implied guarantee

warranty/guarantee (3.15) not explicitly stated but implied by the contract or stipulated by legislation

3.19

statutory warranty
statutory guarantee
mandatory warranty
mandatory guarantee

obligatory *warranty/guarantee* (3.15) specified in legislation

3.20

vulnerable consumer

consumer (3.2) who could be at greater risk of harm from *products* (3.8) due to their age, level of literacy, physical condition or limitations, or inability to access product safety information

[SOURCE: ISO 10377:2013, 2.3]

4 Purpose and principles

Businesses are responsible for the safety, durability and performance of their products, whilst complying with applicable laws and adhering to international norms of behaviour. The purpose of this document is to help manufacturers and/or suppliers to develop, implement and improve product warranties/guarantees. Warranties/guarantees should protect the consumer from product defects.

Manufacturers and/or suppliers should demonstrate their commitment to consumer warranties/guarantees by adhering to the principles set out in this document. These principles include the following:

- a) developing, implementing and maintaining appropriate consumer product standards to ensure consumer protection in relation to product safety, performance and durability;
- b) making a commitment to the prompt and effective implementation of remedies when a consumer product fails to conform to the expected safety, performance and durability;
- c) promoting a product quality culture among manufacturers and/or suppliers by establishing manufacturing standards that support the terms in the warranties/guarantees; and
- d) establishing processes to maintain compliance with all applicable laws, regulations and standards, such as those defined in [ISO 10002](#).

5 General requirements

5.1 Status of warranty/guarantee

5.1.1 Pre-condition for registration

A warranty/guarantee shall not require the consumer to pay a fee (as opposed to an extended warranty/guarantee where registration and fees may be applicable). However, it shall indicate what evidence is needed (e.g. invoice, receipt) as proof of ownership and date of purchase in the event of a claim.

3.17

extended warranty **extended guarantee**

prolonged *warranty/guarantee* (3.15) offered by the *manufacturer* (3.6) or *supplier* (3.13) to the *consumer* (3.2) in addition to the standard warranty period

3.18

implied warranty **implied guarantee**

warranty/guarantee (3.15) not explicitly stated but implied by the contract or stipulated by legislation

3.19

statutory warranty **statutory guarantee** **mandatory warranty** **mandatory guarantee**

obligatory *warranty/guarantee* (3.15) specified in legislation

3.20

vulnerable consumer

consumer (3.2) who could be at greater risk of harm from *products* (3.8) due to their age, level of literacy, physical condition or limitations, or inability to access product safety information

[SOURCE: ISO 10377:2013, 2.3]

4 Purpose and principles

Businesses are responsible for the safety, durability and performance of their products, whilst complying with applicable laws and adhering to international norms of behaviour. The purpose of this document is to help manufacturers and/or suppliers to develop, implement and improve product warranties/guarantees. Warranties/guarantees should protect the consumer from product defects.

Manufacturers and/or suppliers should demonstrate their commitment to consumer warranties/guarantees by adhering to the principles set out in this document. These principles include the following:

- a) developing, implementing and maintaining appropriate consumer product standards to ensure consumer protection in relation to product safety, performance and durability;
- b) making a commitment to the prompt and effective implementation of remedies when a consumer product fails to conform to the expected safety, performance and durability;
- c) promoting a product quality culture among manufacturers and/or suppliers by establishing manufacturing standards that support the terms in the warranties/guarantees; and
- d) establishing processes to maintain compliance with all applicable laws, regulations and standards, such as those defined in [ISO 10002](#).

5 General requirements

5.1 Status of warranty/guarantee

5.1.1 Pre-condition for registration

A warranty/guarantee shall not require the consumer to pay a fee (as opposed to an extended warranty/guarantee where registration and fees may be applicable). However, it shall indicate what evidence is needed (e.g. invoice, receipt) as proof of ownership and date of purchase in the event of a claim.

3.17

extended warranty
extended guarantee

prolonged *warranty/guarantee* (3.15) offered by the *manufacturer* (3.6) or *supplier* (3.13) to the *consumer* (3.2) in addition to the standard warranty period

3.18

implied warranty
implied guarantee

warranty/guarantee (3.15) not explicitly stated but implied by the contract or stipulated by legislation

3.19

statutory warranty
statutory guarantee
mandatory warranty
mandatory guarantee

obligatory *warranty/guarantee* (3.15) specified in legislation

3.20

vulnerable consumer

consumer (3.2) who could be at greater risk of harm from *products* (3.8) due to their age, level of literacy, physical condition or limitations, or inability to access product safety information

[SOURCE: ISO 10377:2013, 2.3]

4 Purpose and principles

Businesses are responsible for the safety, durability and performance of their products, whilst complying with applicable laws and adhering to international norms of behaviour. The purpose of this document is to help manufacturers and/or suppliers to develop, implement and improve product warranties/guarantees. Warranties/guarantees should protect the consumer from product defects.

Manufacturers and/or suppliers should demonstrate their commitment to consumer warranties/guarantees by adhering to the principles set out in this document. These principles include the following:

- a) developing, implementing and maintaining appropriate consumer product standards to ensure consumer protection in relation to product safety, performance and durability;
- b) making a commitment to the prompt and effective implementation of remedies when a consumer product fails to conform to the expected safety, performance and durability;
- c) promoting a product quality culture among manufacturers and/or suppliers by establishing manufacturing standards that support the terms in the warranties/guarantees; and
- d) establishing processes to maintain compliance with all applicable laws, regulations and standards, such as those defined in [ISO 10002](#).

5 General requirements

5.1 Status of warranty/guarantee

5.1.1 Pre-condition for registration

A warranty/guarantee shall not require the consumer to pay a fee (as opposed to an extended warranty/guarantee where registration and fees may be applicable). However, it shall indicate what evidence is needed (e.g. invoice, receipt) as proof of ownership and date of purchase in the event of a claim.

3.17

extended warranty **extended guarantee**

prolonged *warranty/guarantee* (3.15) offered by the *manufacturer* (3.6) or *supplier* (3.13) to the *consumer* (3.2) in addition to the standard warranty period

3.18

implied warranty **implied guarantee**

warranty/guarantee (3.15) not explicitly stated but implied by the contract or stipulated by legislation

3.19

statutory warranty **statutory guarantee** **mandatory warranty** **mandatory guarantee**

obligatory *warranty/guarantee* (3.15) specified in legislation

3.20

vulnerable consumer

consumer (3.2) who could be at greater risk of harm from *products* (3.8) due to their age, level of literacy, physical condition or limitations, or inability to access product safety information

[SOURCE: ISO 10377:2013, 2.3]

4 Purpose and principles

Businesses are responsible for the safety, durability and performance of their products, whilst complying with applicable laws and adhering to international norms of behaviour. The purpose of this document is to help manufacturers and/or suppliers to develop, implement and improve product warranties/guarantees. Warranties/guarantees should protect the consumer from product defects.

Manufacturers and/or suppliers should demonstrate their commitment to consumer warranties/guarantees by adhering to the principles set out in this document. These principles include the following:

- a) developing, implementing and maintaining appropriate consumer product standards to ensure consumer protection in relation to product safety, performance and durability;
- b) making a commitment to the prompt and effective implementation of remedies when a consumer product fails to conform to the expected safety, performance and durability;
- c) promoting a product quality culture among manufacturers and/or suppliers by establishing manufacturing standards that support the terms in the warranties/guarantees; and
- d) establishing processes to maintain compliance with all applicable laws, regulations and standards, such as those defined in [ISO 10002](#).

5 General requirements

5.1 Status of warranty/guarantee

5.1.1 Pre-condition for registration

A warranty/guarantee shall not require the consumer to pay a fee (as opposed to an extended warranty/guarantee where registration and fees may be applicable). However, it shall indicate what evidence is needed (e.g. invoice, receipt) as proof of ownership and date of purchase in the event of a claim.

3.17

extended warranty extended guarantee

prolonged *warranty/guarantee* (3.15) offered by the *manufacturer* (3.6) or *supplier* (3.13) to the *consumer* (3.2) in addition to the standard warranty period

3.18

implied warranty implied guarantee

warranty/guarantee (3.15) not explicitly stated but implied by the contract or stipulated by legislation

3.19

statutory warranty statutory guarantee mandatory warranty mandatory guarantee

obligatory *warranty/guarantee* (3.15) specified in legislation

3.20

vulnerable consumer

consumer (3.2) who could be at greater risk of harm from *products* (3.8) due to their age, level of literacy, physical condition or limitations, or inability to access product safety information

[SOURCE: ISO 10377:2013, 2.3]

4 Purpose and principles

Businesses are responsible for the safety, durability and performance of their products, whilst complying with applicable laws and adhering to international norms of behaviour. The purpose of this document is to help manufacturers and/or suppliers to develop, implement and improve product warranties/guarantees. Warranties/guarantees should protect the consumer from product defects.

Manufacturers and/or suppliers should demonstrate their commitment to consumer warranties/guarantees by adhering to the principles set out in this document. These principles include the following:

- a) developing, implementing and maintaining appropriate consumer product standards to ensure consumer protection in relation to product safety, performance and durability;
- b) making a commitment to the prompt and effective implementation of remedies when a consumer product fails to conform to the expected safety, performance and durability;
- c) promoting a product quality culture among manufacturers and/or suppliers by establishing manufacturing standards that support the terms in the warranties/guarantees; and
- d) establishing processes to maintain compliance with all applicable laws, regulations and standards, such as those defined in [ISO 10002](#).

5 General requirements

5.1 Status of warranty/guarantee

5.1.1 Pre-condition for registration

A warranty/guarantee shall not require the consumer to pay a fee (as opposed to an extended warranty/guarantee where registration and fees may be applicable). However, it shall indicate what evidence is needed (e.g. invoice, receipt) as proof of ownership and date of purchase in the event of a claim.

3.17

extended warranty **extended guarantee**

prolonged *warranty/guarantee* (3.15) offered by the *manufacturer* (3.6) or *supplier* (3.13) to the *consumer* (3.2) in addition to the standard warranty period

3.18

implied warranty **implied guarantee**

warranty/guarantee (3.15) not explicitly stated but implied by the contract or stipulated by legislation

3.19

statutory warranty **statutory guarantee** **mandatory warranty** **mandatory guarantee**

obligatory *warranty/guarantee* (3.15) specified in legislation

3.20

vulnerable consumer

consumer (3.2) who could be at greater risk of harm from *products* (3.8) due to their age, level of literacy, physical condition or limitations, or inability to access product safety information

[SOURCE: ISO 10377:2013, 2.3]

4 Purpose and principles

Businesses are responsible for the safety, durability and performance of their products, whilst complying with applicable laws and adhering to international norms of behaviour. The purpose of this document is to help manufacturers and/or suppliers to develop, implement and improve product warranties/guarantees. Warranties/guarantees should protect the consumer from product defects.

Manufacturers and/or suppliers should demonstrate their commitment to consumer warranties/guarantees by adhering to the principles set out in this document. These principles include the following:

- a) developing, implementing and maintaining appropriate consumer product standards to ensure consumer protection in relation to product safety, performance and durability;
- b) making a commitment to the prompt and effective implementation of remedies when a consumer product fails to conform to the expected safety, performance and durability;
- c) promoting a product quality culture among manufacturers and/or suppliers by establishing manufacturing standards that support the terms in the warranties/guarantees; and
- d) establishing processes to maintain compliance with all applicable laws, regulations and standards, such as those defined in [ISO 10002](#).

5 General requirements

5.1 Status of warranty/guarantee

5.1.1 Pre-condition for registration

A warranty/guarantee shall not require the consumer to pay a fee (as opposed to an extended warranty/guarantee where registration and fees may be applicable). However, it shall indicate what evidence is needed (e.g. invoice, receipt) as proof of ownership and date of purchase in the event of a claim.

3.17

extended warranty extended guarantee

prolonged *warranty/guarantee* (3.15) offered by the *manufacturer* (3.6) or *supplier* (3.13) to the *consumer* (3.2) in addition to the standard warranty period

3.18

implied warranty implied guarantee

warranty/guarantee (3.15) not explicitly stated but implied by the contract or stipulated by legislation

3.19

statutory warranty statutory guarantee mandatory warranty mandatory guarantee

obligatory *warranty/guarantee* (3.15) specified in legislation

3.20

vulnerable consumer

consumer (3.2) who could be at greater risk of harm from *products* (3.8) due to their age, level of literacy, physical condition or limitations, or inability to access product safety information

[SOURCE: ISO 10377:2013, 2.3]

4 Purpose and principles

Businesses are responsible for the safety, durability and performance of their products, whilst complying with applicable laws and adhering to international norms of behaviour. The purpose of this document is to help manufacturers and/or suppliers to develop, implement and improve product warranties/guarantees. Warranties/guarantees should protect the consumer from product defects.

Manufacturers and/or suppliers should demonstrate their commitment to consumer warranties/guarantees by adhering to the principles set out in this document. These principles include the following:

- a) developing, implementing and maintaining appropriate consumer product standards to ensure consumer protection in relation to product safety, performance and durability;
- b) making a commitment to the prompt and effective implementation of remedies when a consumer product fails to conform to the expected safety, performance and durability;
- c) promoting a product quality culture among manufacturers and/or suppliers by establishing manufacturing standards that support the terms in the warranties/guarantees; and
- d) establishing processes to maintain compliance with all applicable laws, regulations and standards, such as those defined in [ISO 10002](#).

5 General requirements

5.1 Status of warranty/guarantee

5.1.1 Pre-condition for registration

A warranty/guarantee shall not require the consumer to pay a fee (as opposed to an extended warranty/guarantee where registration and fees may be applicable). However, it shall indicate what evidence is needed (e.g. invoice, receipt) as proof of ownership and date of purchase in the event of a claim.

3.17

extended warranty extended guarantee

prolonged *warranty/guarantee* (3.15) offered by the *manufacturer* (3.6) or *supplier* (3.13) to the *consumer* (3.2) in addition to the standard warranty period

3.18

implied warranty implied guarantee

warranty/guarantee (3.15) not explicitly stated but implied by the contract or stipulated by legislation

3.19

statutory warranty statutory guarantee mandatory warranty mandatory guarantee

obligatory *warranty/guarantee* (3.15) specified in legislation

3.20

vulnerable consumer

consumer (3.2) who could be at greater risk of harm from *products* (3.8) due to their age, level of literacy, physical condition or limitations, or inability to access product safety information

[SOURCE: ISO 10377:2013, 2.3]

4 Purpose and principles

Businesses are responsible for the safety, durability and performance of their products, whilst complying with applicable laws and adhering to international norms of behaviour. The purpose of this document is to help manufacturers and/or suppliers to develop, implement and improve product warranties/guarantees. Warranties/guarantees should protect the consumer from product defects.

Manufacturers and/or suppliers should demonstrate their commitment to consumer warranties/guarantees by adhering to the principles set out in this document. These principles include the following:

- a) developing, implementing and maintaining appropriate consumer product standards to ensure consumer protection in relation to product safety, performance and durability;
- b) making a commitment to the prompt and effective implementation of remedies when a consumer product fails to conform to the expected safety, performance and durability;
- c) promoting a product quality culture among manufacturers and/or suppliers by establishing manufacturing standards that support the terms in the warranties/guarantees; and
- d) establishing processes to maintain compliance with all applicable laws, regulations and standards, such as those defined in [ISO 10002](#).

5 General requirements

5.1 Status of warranty/guarantee

5.1.1 Pre-condition for registration

A warranty/guarantee shall not require the consumer to pay a fee (as opposed to an extended warranty/guarantee where registration and fees may be applicable). However, it shall indicate what evidence is needed (e.g. invoice, receipt) as proof of ownership and date of purchase in the event of a claim.

3.17

extended warranty **extended guarantee**

prolonged *warranty/guarantee* (3.15) offered by the *manufacturer* (3.6) or *supplier* (3.13) to the *consumer* (3.2) in addition to the standard warranty period

3.18

implied warranty **implied guarantee**

warranty/guarantee (3.15) not explicitly stated but implied by the contract or stipulated by legislation

3.19

statutory warranty **statutory guarantee** **mandatory warranty** **mandatory guarantee**

obligatory *warranty/guarantee* (3.15) specified in legislation

3.20

vulnerable consumer

consumer (3.2) who could be at greater risk of harm from *products* (3.8) due to their age, level of literacy, physical condition or limitations, or inability to access product safety information

[SOURCE: ISO 10377:2013, 2.3]

4 Purpose and principles

Businesses are responsible for the safety, durability and performance of their products, whilst complying with applicable laws and adhering to international norms of behaviour. The purpose of this document is to help manufacturers and/or suppliers to develop, implement and improve product warranties/guarantees. Warranties/guarantees should protect the consumer from product defects.

Manufacturers and/or suppliers should demonstrate their commitment to consumer warranties/guarantees by adhering to the principles set out in this document. These principles include the following:

- a) developing, implementing and maintaining appropriate consumer product standards to ensure consumer protection in relation to product safety, performance and durability;
- b) making a commitment to the prompt and effective implementation of remedies when a consumer product fails to conform to the expected safety, performance and durability;
- c) promoting a product quality culture among manufacturers and/or suppliers by establishing manufacturing standards that support the terms in the warranties/guarantees; and
- d) establishing processes to maintain compliance with all applicable laws, regulations and standards, such as those defined in [ISO 10002](#).

5 General requirements

5.1 Status of warranty/guarantee

5.1.1 Pre-condition for registration

A warranty/guarantee shall not require the consumer to pay a fee (as opposed to an extended warranty/guarantee where registration and fees may be applicable). However, it shall indicate what evidence is needed (e.g. invoice, receipt) as proof of ownership and date of purchase in the event of a claim.